\mathbf{CO}_2 fluxes modelling over urban areas

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→ Traffic: mean CO₂ fluxes rejected by traffic is modulate depending on month, day of the week and hour;

face (roof, road, 2 walls).

CO_2 FLUXES OBS

CAPITOUL campaign (Mar 2004 - Feb 2005) [3]

Toulouse city center



- → Human respiration: population density is multiply by the mean amount of CO₂ rejected by one person.
- Weather dependant contributors are explicitly modelled:
 - Vegetation: photosynthesis and respiration are calculated by the SVAT model ISBA;
 - Buildings: buildings energy consumption calculated by BEM [1] are multiplied by emission factors depending on the source of energy used (electricity, gas, fuel, wood).
- TEB CO₂ explicitly described interactions between local climate and CO₂ fluxes.

SENSITIVITY TO HUMAN BEHAVIOURS



Assuming a constant indoor temperature (19°C) does not allow to reproduce the CO₂ daily cycle (●).

FUTURE WORK

Validation of fluxes due to vegetation, with a more vegetated case study.

Average daily cycle of CO₂ fluxes for DJF. Observations are in dashed line and model in plain line.

■ Lower the temperature during night by 2°C improve results (▲).

Considering a more detail description of human behaviour with several usage (residential, commercial, offices...) allows to get a smoother cycle, closer to observations (). Indoor temperature is set depending on usage, time slot and probability of occupation. Study of impacts of adaptation strategies of cities on CO₂ fluxes.

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